charged upon the Consolidated Fund of India. Unforeseen and additional requirements over and above the budget provision are met through supplementary grants. When the requirement is urgent, an advance from the Contingency Fund is sanctioned. An advance from the Contingency Fund of India amounting to Rs. 54.55 lakhs was sanctioned for the Supreme Court recently to meet urgent expenditure on account of implementation of the recommendations of the Pay Commission, printing of Supreme Court Reports etc. This will be recouped through a supplementary grant in the current session of Parliament.

Public Sector Undertakings without Top Executives

1013. SHRI LAL K. ADVANI:
SHRI ASHWANI KUMAR:
SHRIMATI KRISHNA KAUL:
SHRI BHUVNESH CHATURVEDI:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the names of Central Public Enterprises without full time Chief Executives and since when each vacancy is there; and

(b) whether Government have streamlined the procedure of appointment and have desired that in each case, steps must be initiated well in time so that due appointment takes place quite before the present Chief Executive retires; if so, with what outcome?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) The list is attached as Statement. (*See* below).

(b) Guidelines setting up a time-table have been issued by the Government for cutting down delays in the matter relating to appointments of Chief Executives in Public Sector Undertakings.

Advance action is taken by the Government well before the vacancies arise in Public Sector Undertakings to ensure timely appointments.

The tenure of appointments is now fixed at 5 years so as to reduce the frequent vacancies occurring at the top level in the Public Sector Undertakings.

Statement

(a & b) Vacancies of Chief Executives in Public Sector Undertakings :

Sl. No.	Name of the enterprise	Date of vacancy as per information collected from the Ministry
1	2	3
1	MD, Bharat Pumps & Compressors Ltd.	19-06-87
2	MD, Bharat Wagon & Engg. Co. Ltd.	01-08-86
3	CMD, Indian Telephone Industries	01-01-87
4	CMD NTC (MS) Ltd.	24-11-86
5	CMD, NTC (MN) Ltd.	23-02-86

1	2	3
6	CMD, Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd.	12-11-87
7	MD, Nagaland Pulp & Paper Mills Ltd.	21-04-87
8	Chairman, MMTC	18-09-87
9	CMD, Engineering Projects India Ltd.	25-09-87
10	CMD, Bharat Petroleum Corpn. Ltd.	12-12-87
11	CMD, NTC (UP) Ltd.	28-11-85
12	CMD, Hospital Services Consl. Corpn. Ltd.	New Post
13	MD, Scooters India Ltd.	26-12-86
14	CMD, NTC (Gujarat) Ltd.	17-11-87
15	Chairman, State Trading Corpr.	08.10.87
16	CMD, NTC (WB&O) Ltd.	16-12-87
17	MD, Karnataka Antibiotics Ltd.	08-09-87
18	CMD, Mazagon Dock Ltd.	20-12-87
19	CMD, Madras Fertilizers Ltd.	31-12-87
20	MD, Modern Food Industries Ltd.	29-09-87
21	MD, Bharat Brakes & Valves Ltd.	16-04-87
22	MD, Hindustan Flurocarbons Ltd.	New Post
23	CMD, Cotton Corporation of India	24-09-87
24	Chairman, National Thermal Power Corporation	03-11-87
25	MD, Bharat Process & Mech. Engg. Ltd.	09-11-87
26	CMD, National Bicycle Corporation Ltd.	15-01-88
27	CMD, Central Cottage Industries Corporation Ltd.	02-12-87
28	MD, India Tourism Development Corporation Ltd.	18-03-87

Tamilians killed in Sri Lanka

1014. DR. BAPU KALDATE: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the number of persons killed in Sri Lanka (Tamilians) since the arrival of Indian Peace Keeping Force in Sri Lanka; and

(b) the number of Tamilians repatriated to Sri Lanka during January, 1987?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI K. NATWAR SINGH): (a) Nearly 100 rival Tamil militants and civilians have been killed by the LTTE since the signing of the Indo-Sri Lanka Agreement and the arrival of the IPKF. Oover 200 Sinhala civilians in the Eastern Province were killed in attacks by LTTE in the beginning of October. Further civilian deaths have occurred in hostilities forces on the IPKF by the LTTE as a result of LTTE's use of civilians as shields and their deliberate tactics of attacking the IPKF from heavily built-up civilian areas. No precise figure of these casualties is available with Government.